



Implementation Guide

Flag sensitive transactions for step-up authentication

Auth0 by Okta



## Background

Once a user has signed in, there may be parts of your platform you still want to safeguard with additional layers of security and access control.

Sensitive resources are often safeguarded with step-up authentication.

Step-up authentication involves invoking an additional authentication factor, where you, the developer, have flagged it necessary to do so.

Preventing unauthorized visibility or transaction activity for granular use cases often requires complex logic in order to work in harmony with your existing Identity solution.

Actions with Okta CIC makes it easy for organizations to implement step-up authentication, and we have the template to prove it.



As part of our extensibility framework, Actions are a drag-anddrop pro-code/no-code logic that you can customize for your own applications and integrations that start with Identity.



Actions lets you add code to vital points in the authentication pipeline with just javascript — and 2M+ npm modules at your disposal.



Actions templates teach you how to harness the power of Actions, and get to market faster than the competition, addressing common use cases that are vital for organizations today. Learn how step-up authentication works, with an Actions template and a web application Step-up authentication is all about understanding the authentication context of the user.

Assuming you have one-click <u>enabled MFA</u>, let's walk through what this template teaches us about step-up authentication.

```
exports.onExecutePostLogin = async (event, api) => {
// confirm if MFA is enabled. For more information on client config,
refer to
// https://auth0.com/docs/secure/multi-factor-authentication/
step-up-authentication/configure-step-up-authentication-for-webapps#
configure-app
const isMfa = event.transaction?.acr_values.includes(
'http://schemas.openid.net/pape/policies/2007/06/multi-factor'
);
let authMethods = [];
if (event.authentication && Array.isArray(event.authentication.
methods)) {
authMethods = event.authentication.methods;
}
if (isMfa && !authMethods.some((method) => method.name === 'mfa')) {
api.multifactor.enable('any', { allowRememberBrowser: false });
3
};
```

There are two states to consider when building for a step-up context: what method was used to authenticate with the identity provider before, and what a service request should require to authenticate now.

event.authentication	What authentication signals were obrained during login.
event.authentication.methods	What method was used at login.
In our action template, we represent tl	ne initial login context by authMethods.

Once we understand what, if any, MFA method was used to login, then we can build context to step-up authentication by understanding what is required by the current transaction.

event.transaction	This property represent forthcoming details about your current transaction.
acr_values	Authentication context class values or acr_values) tells us what specific business rules are necessary in the authentication request in order to allow access to a given resource.
rules are necessary to be satisfied	from your web app service, and sees what d. In your application, this request would look
rules are necessary to be satisfied something like: https://{yourDomain}/authori audience=https://{yo scope=openid&	d. In your application, this request would look ize? ourDomain}/userinfo&
rules are necessary to be satisfied something like: https://{yourDomain}/authori audience=https://{y scope=openid& response_type=code client_id={yourClie	d. In your application, this request would look ize? ourDomain}/userinfo& & entId}&
rules are necessary to be satisfied something like: https://{yourDomain}/authori audience=https://{y scope=openid& response_type=code client_id={yourClie	d. In your application, this request would look ize? ourDomain}/userinfo& & entId}& s://yourApp/callback}&

If no MFA was used at login, and our acr\_values indicates we need MFA, then your Action will request MFA from your user in order for your web app to access the information on their behalf.

When the user authenticates with MFA, a new ID token is issued, and they will not be asked to provide MFA again during their session.

To see your Action in, well, action, deploy your Action, then drag-and-drop your Action into the **Login** trigger flow, and hit **Apply**.

This is just one way to implement step-up authentication with Auth0.

You can even create Actions in combination with permissions to require the extra authentication step before, say, <u>proceeding with a high-value</u> <u>transaction</u>, or any sensitive task in-platform.

## Summary

This template illustrates how to use the api interface with event context data to implement basic step-up authentication.

You can combine even more information about the user, session, and custom claims to create a sophisticated security posture that ensures peace of mind for both your admins and your consumers.

Actions templates show you that with a few lines of code, you can customize Actions functions to do big things with less.

## About Okta

Okta is the World's Identity Company. As the leading independent Identity partner, we free everyone to safely use any technology — anywhere, on any device or app. The most trusted brands trust Okta to enable secure access, authentication, and automation. With flexibility and neutrality at the core of our Okta Workforce Identity and Customer Identity Clouds, business leaders and developers can focus on innovation and accelerate digital transformation, thanks to customizable solutions and more than 7,000 pre-built integrations. We're building a world where Identity belongs to you. Learn more at okta.com.

Auth0 is a foundational technology of Okta and its flagship product line — Okta Customer Identity Cloud. Developers can learn more and create an account for free at <u>Auth0.com</u>.